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Cancer, Cardiovascular Disease, Diabetes and Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease in Europe, 1950-2015

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Country Reports

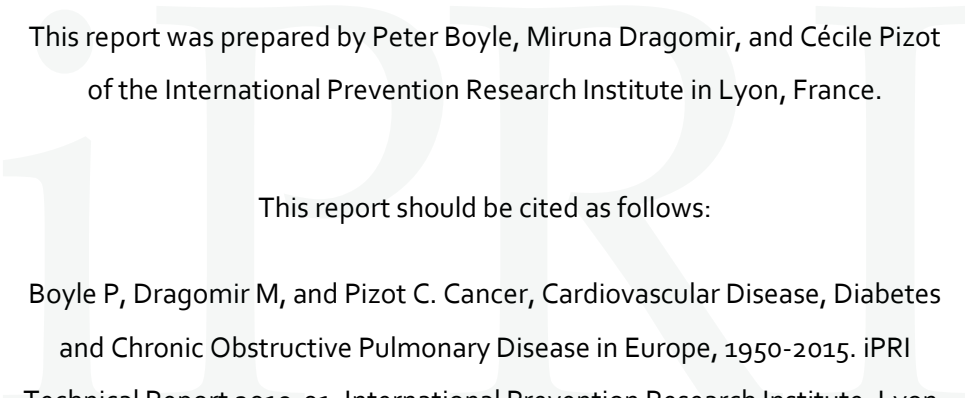
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Turkmenistan

In Turkmenistan, data on deaths are available from 1981 to 2015 in the WHO mortality database.

Of the four major causes of death considered, Cardiovascular Disease (CVD) is the most important, followed by all malignant neoplasms and Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD). Mortality rates from cancer, cardiovascular disease and COPD are higher in men than in women. Mortality rates from all malignant neoplasms decreased from 1981 to the mid-2000s and then the rates seemed to increase until 2015. Mortality rates from cardiovascular disease are increasing until the mid-1990s followed by a decline until 2015. Regarding COPD, mortality rates decreased all over the period. Mortality from diabetes remains difficult to interpret.

Stomach, lung and breast cancers are the commonest causes of cancer death. For colorectal cancer, and lung cancer, mortality trends are similar to all cancer mortality with a declining trend until the mid-2000s followed by an increase until 2015. Breast cancer mortality is on the rise over the period studied while stomach cancer mortality is decreasing over the same period. Death from haematological malignancies are available on a shorter period (1981-1998) and seem decreasing.



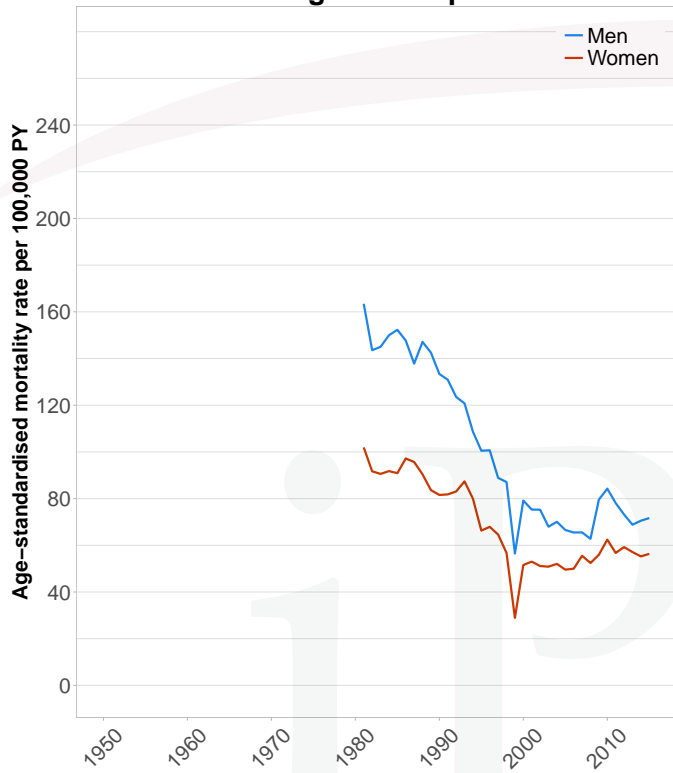
This report was prepared by Peter Boyle, Miruna Dragomir, and Cécile Pizot of the International Prevention Research Institute in Lyon, France.

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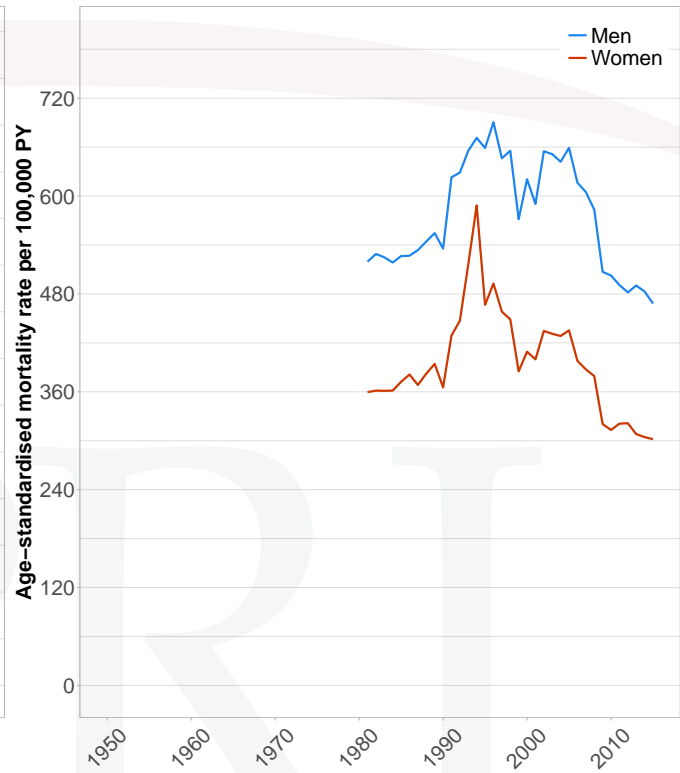
Boyle P, Dragomir M, and Pizot C. Cancer, Cardiovascular Disease, Diabetes and Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease in Europe, 1950-2015. iPRI Technical Report 2019-01, International Prevention Research Institute, Lyon, France (2019).

Turkmenistan

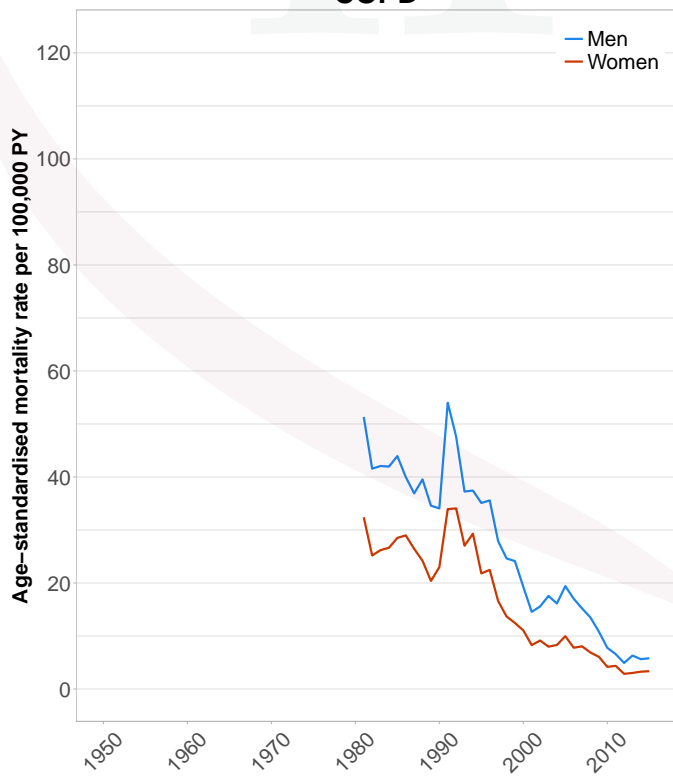
All malignant neoplasms



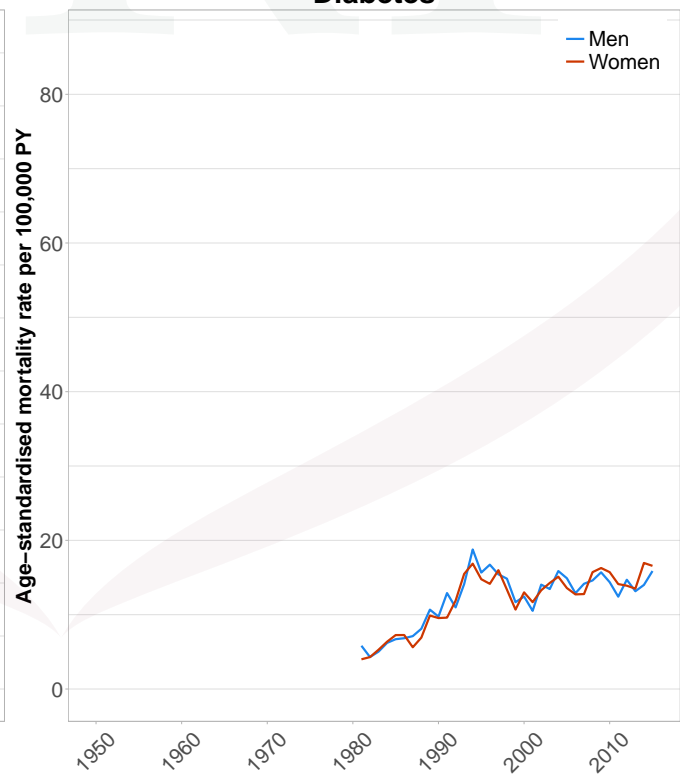
Cardiovascular disease



COPD



Diabetes



Turkmenistan

