



Brochure for Ministerial Meeting - Budapest (Hungary), June 2019

Cancer, Cardiovascular Disease, Diabetes and Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease in Europe, 1950-2015

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June 2019



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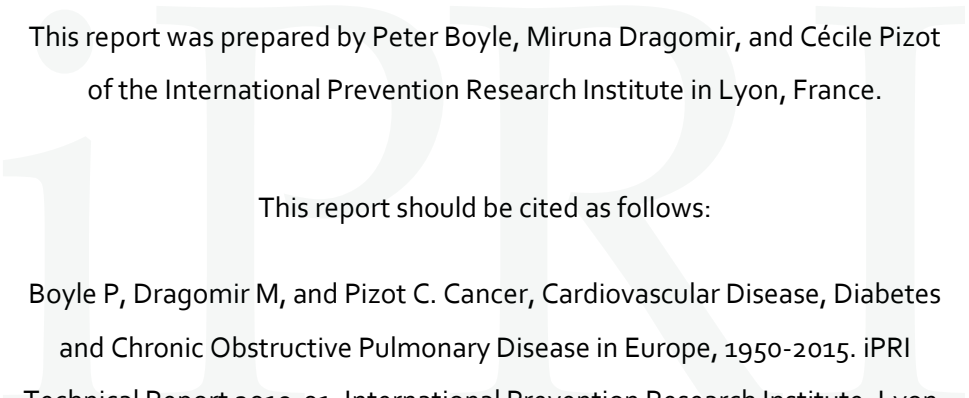
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Netherlands

In Netherlands, data on deaths are available from 1950 to 2015 in the WHO mortality database.

Of the four major causes of death considered, Cardiovascular Disease (CVD) is the most important, followed by all malignant neoplasms and Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD). In recent years, from around 2000, mortality rates from cancer are higher than from cardiovascular disease. Mortality rates from cancer, cardiovascular disease and COPD are higher in men than in women. An increase in mortality from all forms of cancer has been observed since the 1950s, followed by a decline starting in the mid-1970s. For cardiovascular disease, a decline in mortality is observed from the late 1950s. For COPD, there is a decrease in mortality for men and an increase for women over the available data period (1979-2015). Mortality from diabetes remains difficult to interpret.

Lung and breast cancers are the commonest causes of cancer death. For colorectal cancer and haematological malignancies, the mortality trends are similar to all cancer mortality: a slight increase over 1950-1970, followed by a decrease over 1970-2015. For lung cancer, a similar trend is observed in men (with the decline starting in 1980); however in women, lung cancer mortality continues to increase over the 1980-2015 period. Regarding breast cancer, a slight increase in mortality rates is observed from 1950 to the late 1980s, followed by a decline from the late 1980s to 2015. On the other hand, remarkable declines in mortality from stomach cancer are observed in both genders over the period studied.



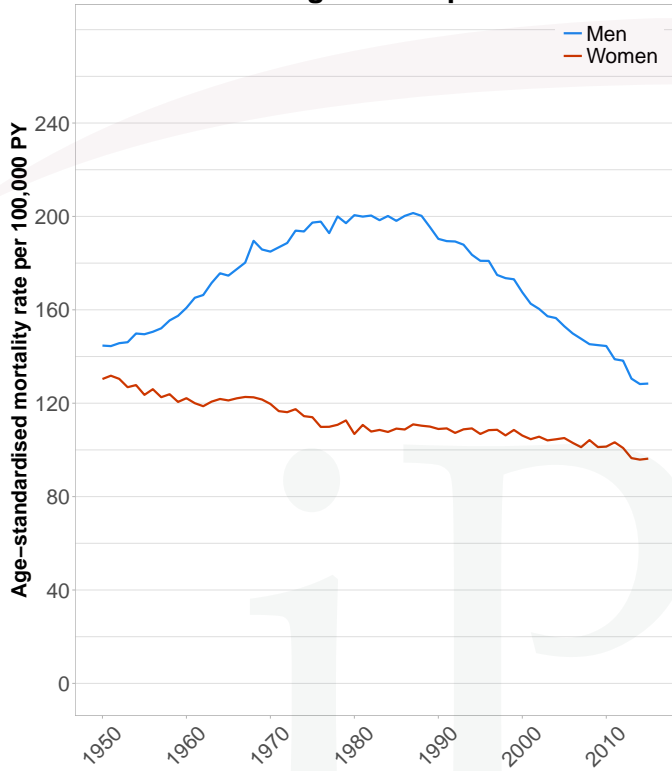
This report was prepared by Peter Boyle, Miruna Dragomir, and Cécile Pizot of the International Prevention Research Institute in Lyon, France.

This report should be cited as follows:

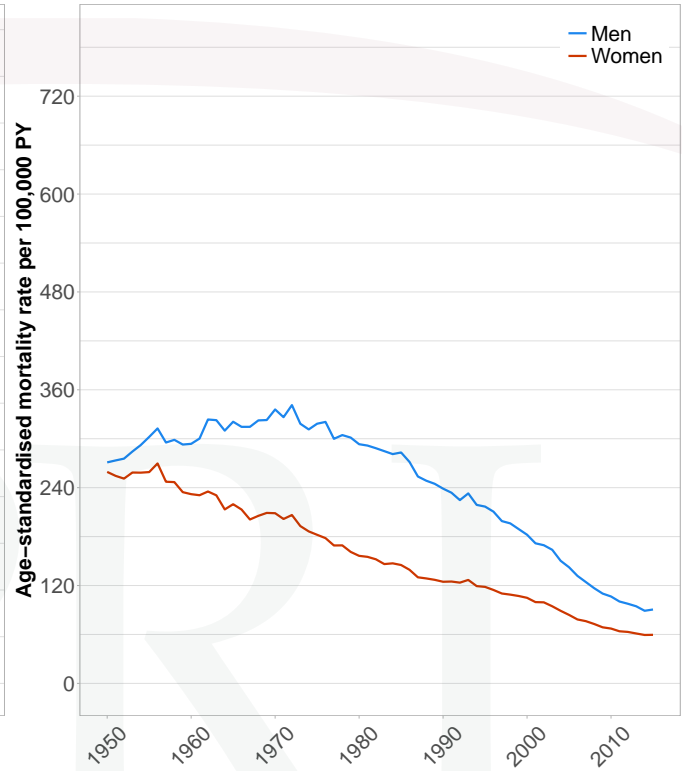
Boyle P, Dragomir M, and Pizot C. Cancer, Cardiovascular Disease, Diabetes and Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease in Europe, 1950-2015. iPRI Technical Report 2019-01, International Prevention Research Institute, Lyon, France (2019).

Netherlands

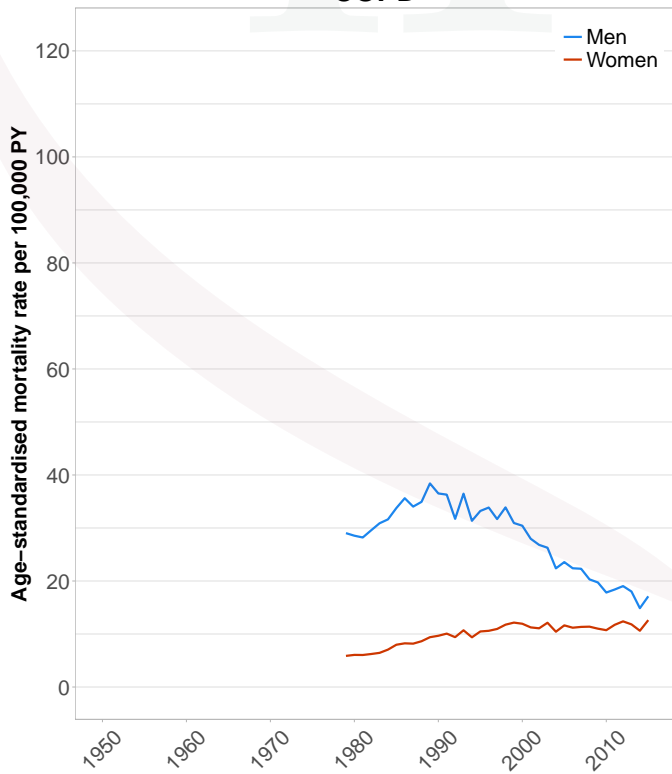
All malignant neoplasms



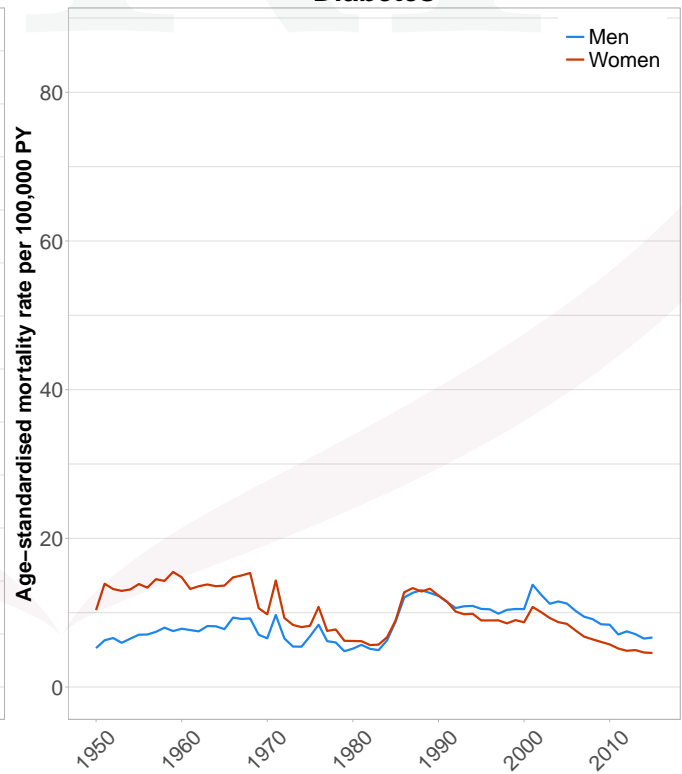
Cardiovascular disease



COPD



Diabetes



Netherlands

