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Cancer, Cardiovascular Disease, Diabetes and Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease in Europe, 1950-2015

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Montenegro

In Montenegro, only ten years of data are available in the WHO mortality database (2000-2009) hence there are not enough data to interpret the trends.

Of the four major causes of death considered, Cardiovascular Disease (CVD) is the most important, followed by all malignant neoplasms. Death from Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) remains rare. Mortality rates from cancer and cardiovascular disease are higher in men than in women, while mortality rates from COPD are comparable between genders. Mortality from diabetes remains difficult to interpret.

Lung and breast cancers are the commonest causes of cancer death.



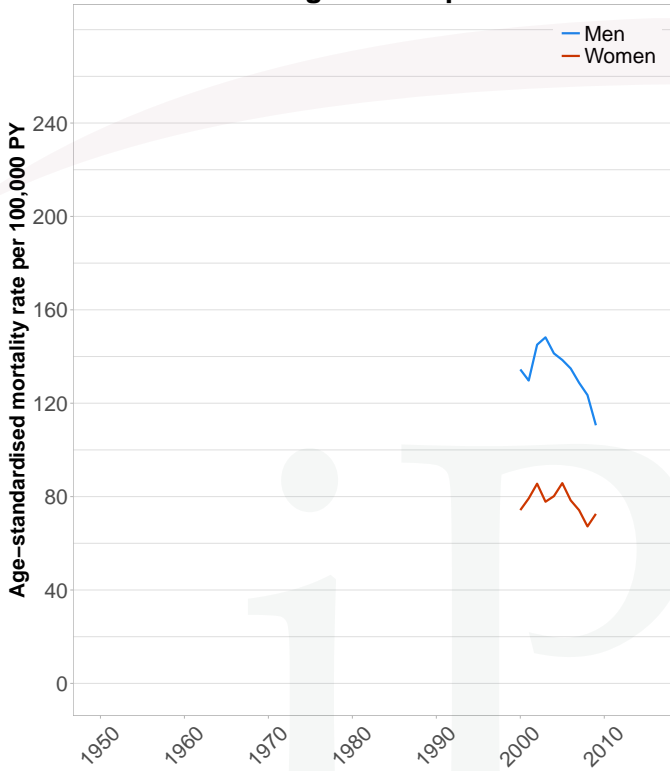
This report was prepared by Peter Boyle, Miruna Dragomir, and Cécile Pizot of the International Prevention Research Institute in Lyon, France.

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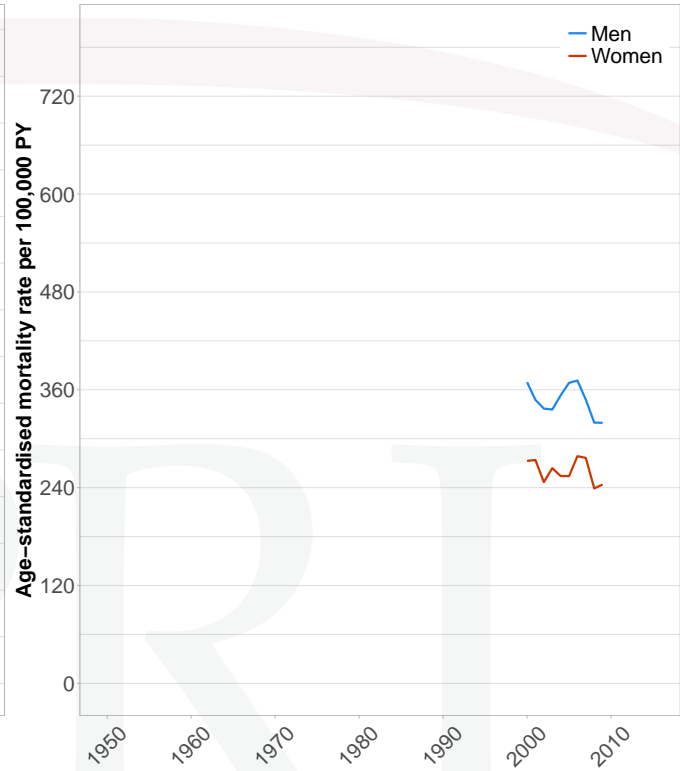
Boyle P, Dragomir M, and Pizot C. Cancer, Cardiovascular Disease, Diabetes and Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease in Europe, 1950-2015. iPRI Technical Report 2019-01, International Prevention Research Institute, Lyon, France (2019).

Montenegro

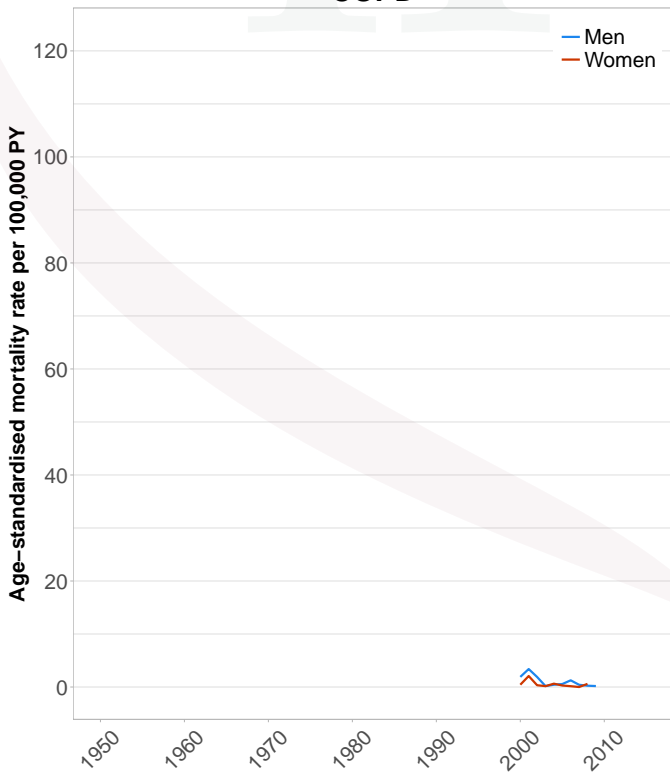
All malignant neoplasms



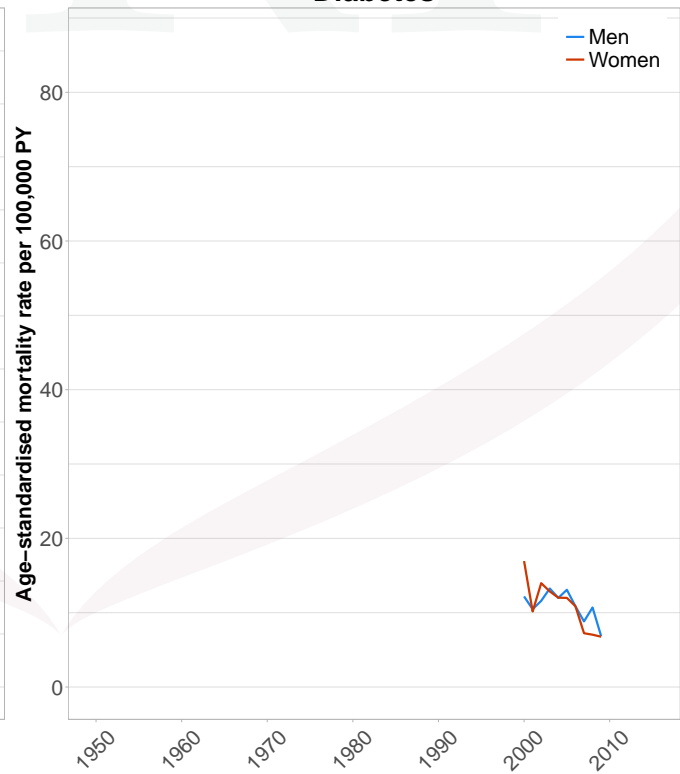
Cardiovascular disease



COPD



Diabetes



Montenegro

