



Brochure for Ministerial Meeting - Budapest (Hungary), June 2019

Cancer, Cardiovascular Disease, Diabetes and Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease in Europe, 1950-2015

Peter Boyle
Miruna Dragomir
Cecile Pizot

International Prevention Research Institute
Le Campus, Bâtiment L'Australien
18 Chemin des Cuers
69570 Dardilly
France

June 2019



International
Prevention
Research
Institute

Country Reports

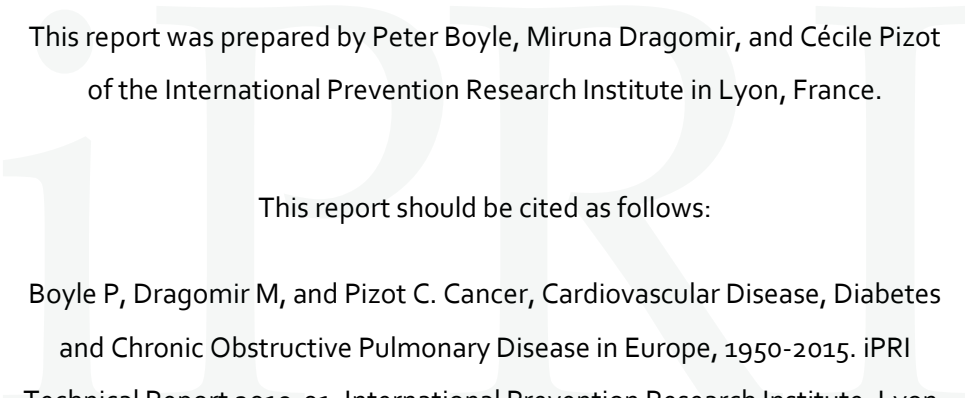
-

Croatia

In Croatia, data on deaths are available from 1985 to 2015 in the WHO mortality database.

Of the four major causes of death considered, Cardiovascular Disease (CVD) is the most important, followed by all malignant neoplasms and Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD). Mortality rates from cancer, cardiovascular disease and COPD are higher in men than in women. For cardiovascular disease, mortality rates are decreasing over the period 1985-2015 while for COPD mortality rates are increasing slightly. Regarding cancer, mortality trend was increasing until 2000 in men followed by a decline while in women, rates are steadily increasing over the entire period. Of note, for all malignant neoplasms and cardiovascular disease, a peak of mortality occurred around 1995-2000 due to a change in disease classification. Mortality from diabetes remains difficult to interpret.

Lung and breast cancers are the commonest causes of cancer death. Mortality rates from haematological malignancies, colorectal cancer and breast cancer are increasing over the period 1985-2015 while mortality rates from stomach cancer are decreasing during this same period. Mortality rates from lung cancer increased between 1985 and 2000 in men and then declined until 2015 while in women the rates have been on the rise since 1985.



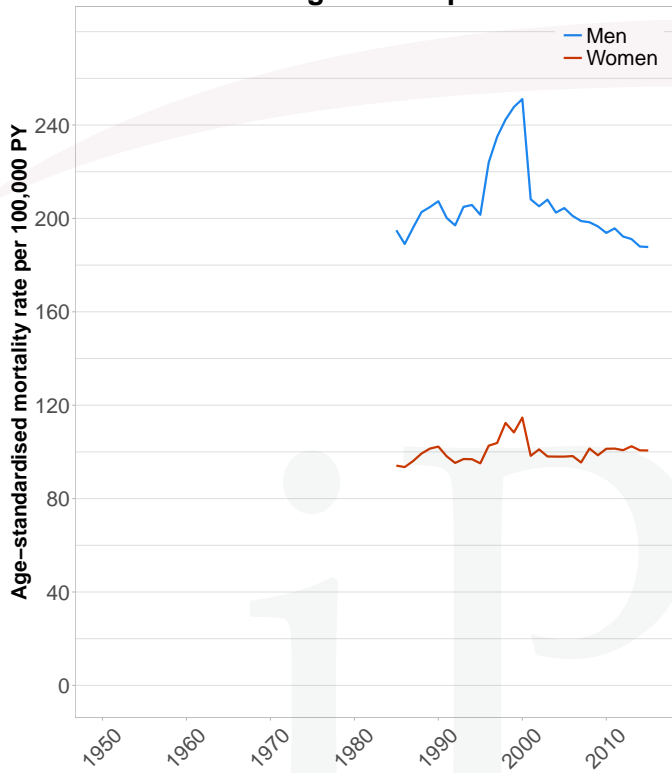
This report was prepared by Peter Boyle, Miruna Dragomir, and Cécile Pizot of the International Prevention Research Institute in Lyon, France.

This report should be cited as follows:

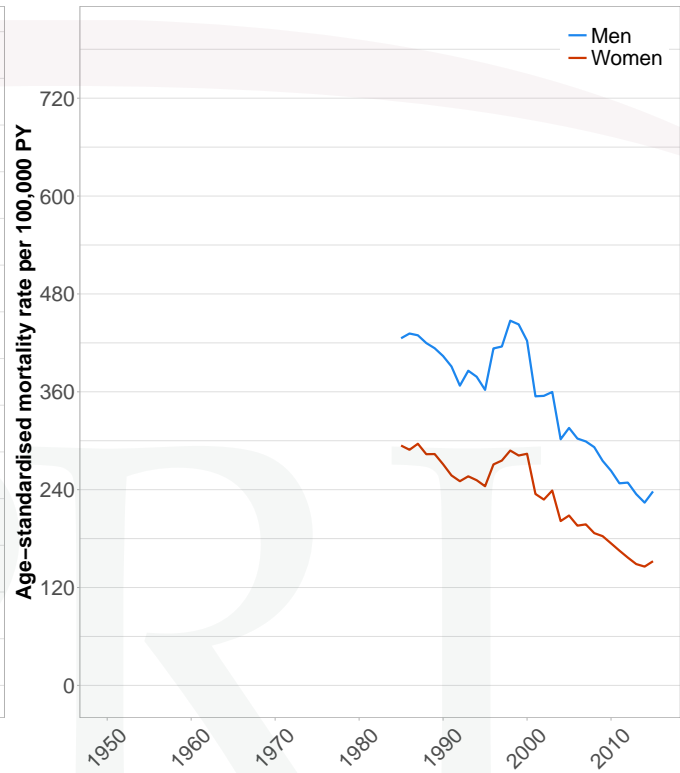
Boyle P, Dragomir M, and Pizot C. Cancer, Cardiovascular Disease, Diabetes and Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease in Europe, 1950-2015. iPRI Technical Report 2019-01, International Prevention Research Institute, Lyon, France (2019).

Croatia

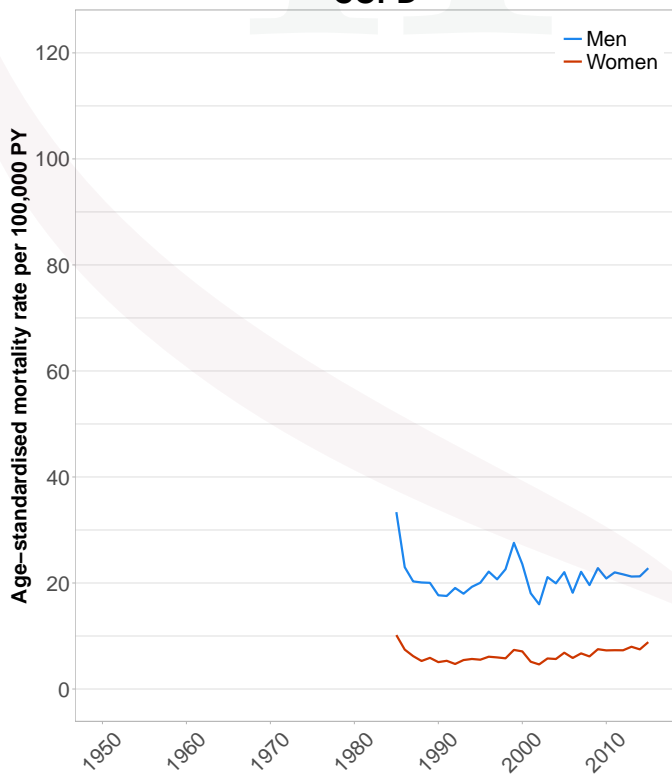
All malignant neoplasms



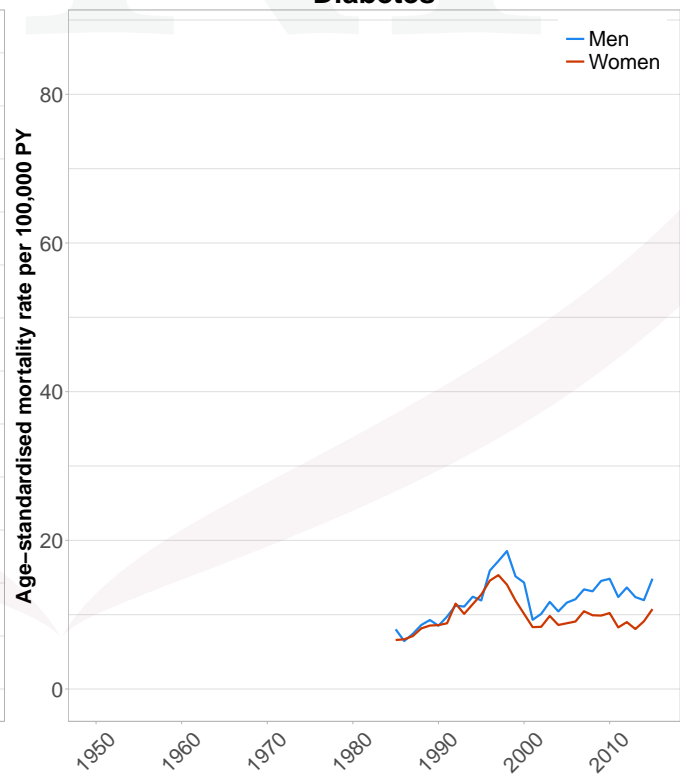
Cardiovascular disease



COPD



Diabetes



Croatia

