

Cancer, Cardiovascular Disease, Diabetes and Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease in Europe, 1950-2015

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In Azerbaijan, data on deaths are available from 1981 to 2007 in the WHO mortality database.

Of the four major causes of death considered, Cardiovascular Disease (CVD) is the most important, followed by all malignant neoplasms and Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD). Mortality rates from cancer, cardiovascular disease and COPD are higher in men than in women. A decrease in mortality from all forms of cancer has been observed since the 1980s. For cardiovascular disease in men and COPD in both genders, mortality declines occurred later, in the mid-1990s. However in women, cardiovascular disease mortality trend is increasing slightly between 1981 and 2007. Mortality from diabetes remains difficult to interpret.

Stomach cancer is the commonest cause of cancer death. For colorectal cancer, stomach cancer and lung cancer in men, mortality trends are similar to all cancer mortality with declining mortality rates between 1981 and 2007. For breast cancer and lung cancer in women, mortality trends seem stable over the period studied. There are insufficient data to examine trends in haematological malignancies.

This report was prepared by Peter Boyle, Miruna Dragomir, and Cécile Pizot of the International Prevention Research Institute in Lyon, France.

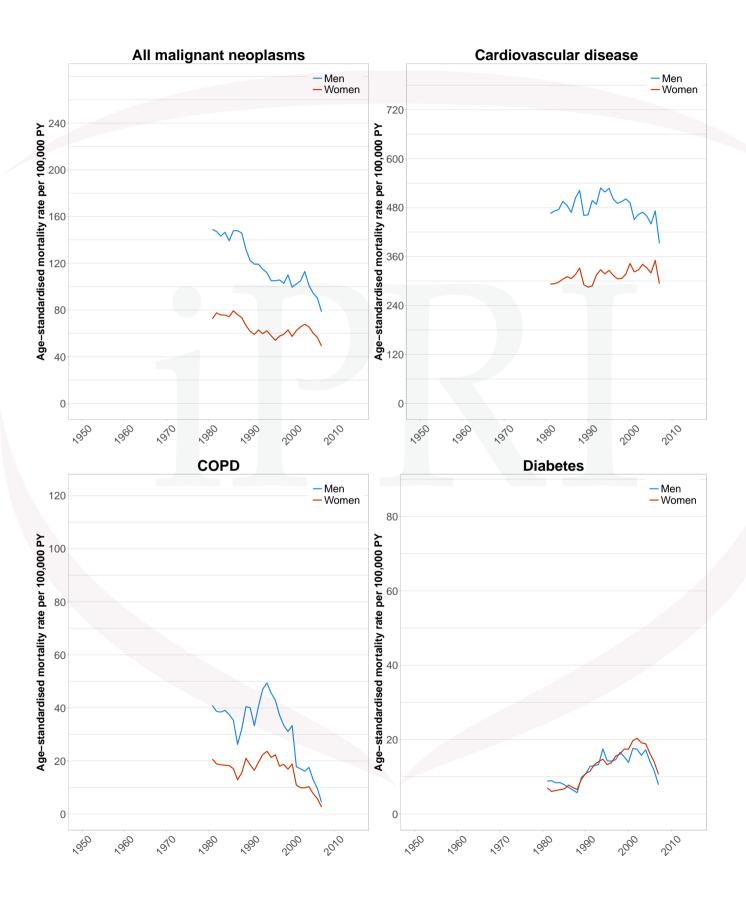
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